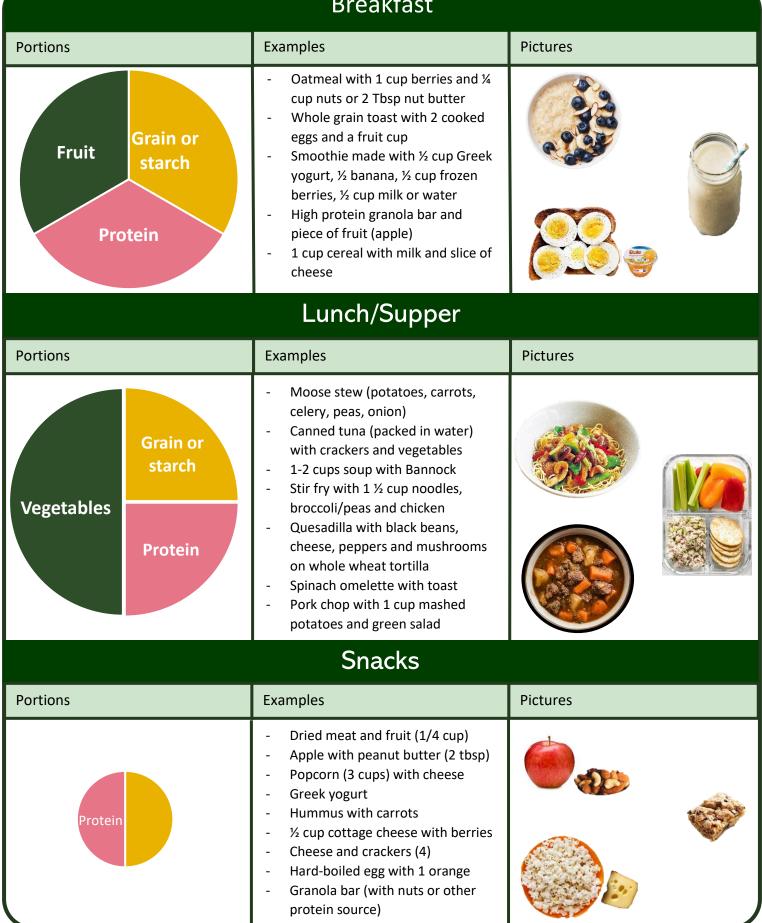
Breakfast





These foods DO effect blood sugar (have carbohydrates)

These foods DO NOT effect blood sugar (do not have carbohydrates)

Grains and starches	Fruit	Milk and alternatives	Vegetables	Meat and alternatives	Fat
Grains and starches are our main source of energy. Whole grains have more fibre, which helps us feel full for longer. Fibre is also good for our stomach and heart. Choose whole grains when you can.	Fruit is good for us in many ways! Fresh, frozen, dried, or canned are all good options. If buying canned, choose fruit packed in water. Dried fruit is more condensed, so portions are smaller.	Milk is one of the main ways our body gets calcium, which we need for our bones to stay strong. Try to choose low fat dairy choices when you can.	Vegetables are a great source of vitamins and minerals, and have fibre. Fresh, frozen, and canned fruit are all good for us. If buying canned, try to get ones that have no salt (sodium) added.	Meat and alternatives are the main way our body gets protein for our muscles. Protein also helps us feel full, and slows digestion so our blood sugars rise slower. Try to have protein at every meal.	Fat is important for our brain health. To keep our heart healthy, it is best to choose fat that comes from plants, and to try to eat fish twice a week.
Examples					
 Bread Rice Pasta Pita bread Bagels Potatoes Corn Bannock 	 Apple Orange Berries Banana Melon Pineapple Kiwi Dried fruit 	 Milk Yogurt Soy beverage Kefir 	 Broccoli Carrots Tomatoes Cucumber Mushrooms Peas Zucchini Lettuce 	 Chicken Fish Beef or pork Moose Nuts/seeds Beans Eggs Cheese Tofu 	 Olive oil Butter Margarine Mayonnaise Salad dressing Avocado
Portions					
Your fist is about the size of 1 cup. This is 2 servings for most grain products. Rice has more starch and 1 cup is 3 servings.	Your fist is the same size as most pieces of fruit, which is one serving. ¼ cup is the serving for dried fruit.	The size of your fist equals 1 cup, which is one serving of milk. For most yogurt, ½ cup is one serving.	Aim to have as much as you can hold in both your hands.	One serving of meat is the size of your palm, and as thick as your pinky.	One serving of fat is 1 tbsp, which is the size of the tip of your thumb

It is recommended that men have 3-4 servings of foods that effect blood sugar at each meal, or 9-11 servings each day. For women, it is recommended to have 2-3 servings of foods that effect blood sugars at each meal, or 7-9 servings each day. Balanced snacks have 0-1 servings of foods that effect blood sugar.